

DT / METIERS DE MODE ET VETEMENTS

EPREUVES THEORIQUES

EPREUVE : ANGLAIS PROFESSIONNEL

DUREE : 2 H

COEF :

S U J E T

I/ Linguistic competence

A/ Write the correct form of the verbs in the brackets

- 1- As soon as we (to receive) the money, we will buy the furniture.
- 2- Watch out, these students (to clean) the equipment.
- 3- This fashion factory (to operate) two year ago.
- 4- You had better (to respect) your teachers.
- 5- If she (to know), she would bring the clothes on time.

B/ Choose the correct word from the brackets to fill in the gaps

- 1- Bola isthan me (tall; tallest; taller).
- 2- Every night, I do my homework (itself, myself, ourselves).
- 3- My sewing machine is.....expensive than yours (most; much; more).
- 4- Givemy scissors (me, we, I).
- 5- Mending isdifficult than designing. (less; the less; least).

C/ Rephrase the following sentences without changing their meaning, using the given prompts

- 1- They called for the fashion reporter two hours ago.
It's since
- 2- I haven't seen this type of sewing machine before.
It's the first time
- 3- My parents haven't seen our tailor for five years.
My parents ago.
- 4- Write down the measurement of this lady!
The measurement of this lady.....
- 5- We watch fashion shows every Friday.
Fashion shows.....

(Turn to)

II/ Reading comprehension

Read the text and answer the questions.

Text: Why people's dressing habits are different?

- 1- In Africa, people of the same country come from different environments. Therefore, their dressing habits cannot be the same. This is because they belong to different cultural groups. For instance, in Nigeria, the Yoruba people use the same type of native dress because they belong to one cultural group. The same thing applies to the Hausa and Igbo people.
- 2- In any case, your appearance must do the talking! Appearance, although a personal issue, matters a lot not only to leaders but also to those being led and the general public. The appearance of leaders is the mirror through which everybody sees them. Many people's attitude towards them changes, depending on the way they appear.
- 3- Your appearance in your clothes can make some impressions on people around you, and even cause them to react to you in certain ways. For instance, offensive clothing such as those that exposes such parts of the body as breasts, could give poor impression of the wearer. Wearing certain styles or colours of clothes that are associated with a cult group, could lead to wrong impression or identity of a wearer. In order to avoid such erroneous behaviours, we have to choose the right clothes according to the events.
- 4- Most of the time in Africa, clothes are used for different occasions. For example, school clothes should be simple and comfortable, sport wears should allow for body movement and also be sewn to cover the body decently. Work clothes are chosen to suit the kinds of work; some jobs require uniform e.g. nurses, mechanics, soldiers etc... There are also night wears, clothes for household activities worn at home and under-wears worn directly against the skin. Tradition in most African families, is that their children observe decency on personal clothing.

Slightly adapted from *Social Studies, book 5. (By Collins A. Igwe; Munir Katsina...)*
p.92 and *Home Economy (by Elizabeth U. Anyakoha)* p.53.

(Turn to)

A/ Answer these questions by Right or Wrong

- 1- In Africa, people of the same country come from the same environment.
- 2- In Nigeria, people dress according to the cultural group they belong to.
- 3- Appearance doesn't matter in clothing.
- 4- Sport wears should cover the body decently.

B/ Answer the following questions according to the text

- 1- Why do people from different background dress differently?
- 2- Why should leaders dress decently?
- 3- Why should we choose the right clothes according to the events.
- 4- What are the jobs that require uniform?

C/ Find in the text the opposites of these words.

- 1- Individuals..... paragraph 1
- 2- Private..... paragraph 2
- 3- Poorparagraph 3
- 4- Extravagant paragraph 4

GOOD LUCK !